Material Safety Data Sheet
Humidity Indicator Card

Section I-Product Identification

Manufacturer’s Name: Desiccare, Inc.
3400 Pomona Blvd
Pomona CA, 91768

Emergency Telephone #: (909) 444-8272, (601) 932-0405

Chemical Name and Synonyms: Mil-I-8835
Trade Name and Synonyms: Humidity Indicator Card

Formula: Blotting Paper containing CoCl₂

Shelf Life: Two years from the date of manufacture

Section II-Composition/Information on Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component Name</th>
<th>Codes</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Blotting Paper</td>
<td>Mil-D-8835</td>
<td>&gt;99.50%</td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Cobalt Chloride*</td>
<td>7646-79-9</td>
<td>&lt; 0.25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Black Ink</td>
<td>Water Ink Technologies</td>
<td>&lt; 0.25%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*EC Directive 98/98/EC requires that cobalt chloride concentrations greater than or equal to 0.01% and less than 1% have an R-49/T label: “may cause cancer by inhalation” and be shown with a skull and crossbones. This requirement does not apply to indicator cards since the cobalt chloride is in a form that cannot be inhaled.

USA ACGIH 1994/95 Exposure Controls
Cobalt, inorganic compounds - 0.02 mg/m³ Co, 8 hour TWA

Section III-Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Dry, Impregnated within blotting paper fibers, non-dusting
Color: Blue spot on white card
Odor: None
Melting Point (EC): Cobalt Chloride (735EC)
Flash Point (EC): Not Applicable

Explosion (EC): Not Applicable
Solubility in Water: 53g/100 ml (Cobalt Chloride in water)
Combustible: Blotting Paper Burns with flame
Section IV-Hazard Identification

Main Hazards of Cobalt Chloride: Potential skin and respiratory irritant

Ordinary Handling of the HIC Card is not hazardous when the following cautions are met: When handling the card, avoid holding the card by the cobalt spot, do not scrape the cobalt from the surface of the card to cause dusting. Note, cobalt chloride can be solubilized by touching with hands that are perspiring. Some individuals may be sensitive to this material and develop a skin irritation. The degree of irritation depends on the length of contact with the skin and skin sensitivity to the material.

Section V-First Aid

- First Aid - Skin: Wash hands with water.
- First Aid - Eyes: Flush eyes with water, obtain medical help.
- First Aid - Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting, wash out mouth with water. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water (or milk).
- First Aid - Inhalation: Remove from the source of exposure. Obtain medical attention if symptoms develop.

Section VI-Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Fire Fighting: Dry chemical, water spray or foam
Flash Point: Cobalt Chloride is Non-flammable
Fire hazard: Blotting Paper is a fire hazard when exposed to flames

Section VII-Accidental Release Measures

Not applicable

Dropping HIC cards on wet floors, the cobalt chloride will be solubilized. Sweep up and discard the cards, soak up the water with a paper towel and discard.

Personal Precautions: Wear rubber gloves or wash hands immediately after
Environmental Precautions: Cobalt Chloride is a List II substance in the EEC Directive 76/464 for control of dangerous substances into the aquatic environment.

The amount of cobalt chloride on a few Humidity Indicating Cards is negligible (<3 mg per card). Check country local rules and regulations for disposal.

Section VIII-Handling and Storage

Keep container closed and store with desiccant.

Section IX-Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

USA ACGIH 1994/95 Exposure Controls
Cobalt, inorganic compounds - 0.02 mg/m³ Co, 8 hour TWA

Personal Protection when handling cards is normally not required. Avoid skin contact with the colored spot. Note, the cobalt chloride is impregnated within the fibers of the blotting paper. No dust is possible unless the surface of the card is being abraded.
Section X-Stability and Reactivity
Stability: Considered stable
Conditions to Avoid: Dust Generation, Excessive Heat
Materials to Avoid: Oxidizing agents, Alkali metals
Hazardous Decomposition: Hydrogen chloride, chlorine, chloride fumes

Section XI-Toxicological Information
Acute Toxicity: Oral LD50 (rat) values 766 mg/kg have been reported for cobalt chloride.
Health Effects: May cause mild skin irritation in some individuals
IARC Assessment: There is limited evidence for the carcinogenicity of cobalt (ii) chloride in experimental animals.

Section XII-Ecological Information
Cobalt Chloride is a List II substance in the EEC Directive 76/464 for control of dangerous substances into the aquatic environment.
The amount of cobalt chloride on a few Humidity Indicating Cards is negligible (<3 mg per card).

Section XIII-Disposal
Can be disposed of in normal landfill as always check local and federal regulations.

Section XIV-Transport
UN Class: This product is not classified as dangerous goods under the United Nations Transport Recommendations.
TSCA: CAS# 7646-79-9 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

Section XV
The European Council Directive 98/98/EC has established new rules regarding the classification, packaging, and labeling of cobalt chloride if it is in a form that can dust and be inhaled. The EC experts decided that cobalt chloride if in the form that can dust or be inhaled in concentrations greater than or equal to 0.01%, but less than 1% must contain an R-49/T label: “may cause cancer by inhalation,” and be shown with a skull and crossbones.

Section XVI
Desiccare’s Indicator Cards fall within the concentration mentioned above, however the EC Directive rules do not apply to Desiccare’s Indicator Cards since the cobalt chloride on the spots on the cards are not in the form that could be inhaled.

Desiccare’s Indicator Cards are non-hazardous and safe when used in the manner for which they were manufactured. Desiccare does not recommend attempting to inhale or ingest our indicator card products.