



Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements : Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Hazards not otherwise classified : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Isopropyl alcohol Solvent.	80-100	67-63-0

Registry number: 7982
A Trade Secret Exemption was granted by the HMIRA for one or more ingredients in this product under Registry Number: 7982, May 31, 2011

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause genetic defects.
May cause cancer.
May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Precautionary statements

Continued on next page

Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Identification

Product name : 438 THINNER
Product code : 116344
Product type : Liquid.
Date of issue/Date of revision : May 14 2015.

Manufacturer - Supplier	Telephone no.:	Fax no.	Emergency phone:
ALPHA Global Headquarters 800 Adium Drive Somerset, New Jersey 08873	Toll Free: (800) 367-6460 Main Phone: (908) 791-3000	(908) 791-3090	UNITED STATES AND CANADA Tel: 800-424-8300 INTERNATIONAL CALL Tel: +1 703-527-3387 (collect calls accepted) Alpha Chemtree #6591
ALPHA METALS MEXICO SA DE CV Ave Natta 800, Parque Industrial STIVA Apodaca NL 66600 Mexico	Tel: +52 81 1156-6602	Fax: +52 81 1156-6655	Tel: 01 800 022 1400 Tel: +52 55 5558-1588
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Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 30 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Continued on next page

Section 4. First aid measures

- Ingestion**
- : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

- Potential acute health effects**
- : Causes serious eye irritation.

- Inhalation**
- : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

- Skin contact**
- : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

- Ingestion**
- : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact**
- : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watery
redness

- Inhalation**
- : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

- Skin contact**
- : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking
- Ingestion**
- : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician**
- : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

- Specific treatments**
- : No specific treatment.

- Protection of first-aiders**
- : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Extinguishing media**
- : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Suitable extinguishing media**
- : Do not use water jet.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media**

Continued on next page

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
- : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products**
- : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters**
- : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**
- : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel**
- : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flames, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

- For emergency responders**
- : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions**
- : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in a container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Continued on next page

Section 7. Handling and storage

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Isopropyl alcohol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Notes: Refers to Appendix A - Carcinogens. ACGIH 2003 Adoption STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Notes: Substances for which the TLV is higher than the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) and/or the NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit (REL). See CFR 58(124) :36338-33351, June 30, 1993, for revised OSHA PEL. TWA: 525 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). CEIL: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 350 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 2900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
Solvent.	
Registry number: 7982	

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eyeface protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Colorless.

Odor : Alcohol-like.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 12°C (53.6°F) [Tag Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Not available.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

- Vapor pressure : Not available.
 Vapor density : >1 [Air = 1]
 Relative density : 0.7796
 Solubility : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.
 VOC : 779.6 g/l
 Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available.
 Auto-ignition temperature : 399°C (750.2°F)
 Decomposition temperature : Not available.
 Viscosity : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
 Chemical stability : The product is stable.
 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize; cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
 Incompatibility with various substances : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.
 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
 Other Hazardous decomposition products : carbon oxides (CO, CO₂)
 Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	6290 mg/kg 4.7 g/kg	-
Solvent.	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	>5500 mg/m ³ >5000 mg/kg	4 hours -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	100 parts per million	-
Solvent.	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

*Continued on next page***Section 11. Toxicological information**

- Mutagenicity : Not available.
 Carcinogenicity : No applicable toxicity data
 Additional information: No applicable toxicity data

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Isopropyl alcohol	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	Negative	Positive	Positive	Rat	Oral: 1000 mg/kg	-
	Positive	Negative	Positive	Rat - Female	Oral: 1242 mg/kg Continuous Fixed dose	24 hours per day

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Isopropyl alcohol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Solvent.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

- pain or irritation
- watering
- redness

Continued on next page

Section 11. Toxicological information**Inhalation**

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation
dryness
cracking

: No specific data.

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation
dryness
cracking

: No specific data.

Ingestion

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects.
Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity**Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	4947.4 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	61.16 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information**Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute LC50 1400000 to 1950000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	low
Solvent.	3.16 to 7.06	-	high

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MOBILITY IN SOIL

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Section 12. Ecological information**Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})**

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations**Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

UN number	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN1219	UN1219	UN1219	UN1219	UN1219	UN1219	UN1219
UN proper shipping name	Isopropanol solution	Isopropanol	Isopropanol	Isopropanol	Isopropanol	Isopropanol
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information - DOT

Classification

ERG# 129

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rule (SNUR): No products were found.
 TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rule (SNUR): No products were found.
 TSCA 12(b) one-time export notification: No products were found.
 TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: No products were found.
 United States inventory : All components are listed or exempted.
 (TSCA 8b)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Fire hazard
 Immediate (acute) health hazard
 Delayed (chronic) health hazard

SARA 313

Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	87-63-0	80-100
Supplier notification	87-63-0	80-100

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-2: Flammable liquid
 Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

: All components are listed or exempted.

International lists

National inventory

- Australia : All components are listed or exempted.
- China : All components are listed or exempted.
- Europe : All components are listed or exempted.
- Japan : All components are listed or exempted.
- Malaysia : All components are listed or exempted.
- New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.
- Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.
- Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.
- Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	1
Flammability	3
Physical hazards	0

Procedure used to derive the classification

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Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
Fiam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H336	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

History

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Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals
 IATA = International Air Transport Association
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
 MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
 UN = United Nations

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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